West Bengal State University B.A./B.Sc./B.Com. (Honours, Major, General) Examinations, 2011

PART – I

SANSKRIT — GENERAL

Paper - I

(NEW AND OLD SYLLABUS)

Duration: 3 Hours [Full Marks: 100

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

(NEW SYLLABUS)

UNIT - I

- a) Define and illustrate any three of the following metres: 3 × 2 = 6
 নিম্নলিখিত যে কোন তিনটি ছন্দের লক্ষণসহ উদাহরণ দিন ঃ
 इन्द्रवज्रा, मालिनी, शिखरिणी, वसन्तितलक, प्रहर्षिणी ।

 b) Scan and define any two of the following metres 2 × 2 = 4
 - নিম্নলিখিত যে কোন দুটির গণবিভাগপূর্বক ছন্দ নির্ণয় করুন ঃ
 - i) पुनर्भवं परिगतशक्तिरात्मभू: ।
 - ii) पतिकुले तव दास्यमिप क्षमम् ।सतां हि सन्देहपदेष वस्तुष् ।
 - iv) आशंसन्ते समितिषु सुराः सक्तवैरा हि दैत्यैः ।

UNIT - II

2. a) Decline any five of the following

 $5 \times 1 = 5$

নিম্নলিখিত থে কোন পাঁচটির শব্দরূপ নির্ণয় করুন ঃ

- i) लता in तृतीया एकवचन
- ii) फल in प्रथमा द्विवचन
- iii) वधू in षष्ठी बहुवचन
- iv) पितृ in पञ्चमी एकवचन
- v) आत्मन् in चतुर्थी द्विवचन
- vi) अस्मद् in चतुर्थी एकवचन
- vii) सर्व (पुं) in तृतीया द्विवचन
- viii) द्वि in सप्तमी ।
- b) Conjugate any five of the following:

 $5 \times 1 = 5$

নিম্নলিখিত যে কোন পাঁচটির ধাতুরূপ লিখুনঃ

- i) पठ् in लोट् 2nd person singular
- ii) गम् in विधिलिङ् 3rd person plural
- iii) भू in लर् 1st person singular
- iv) कृ in লহু 2nd person dual
- v) अद् in लृद् 3rd person singular
- vi) तन् in लट् 1st person dual
- vii) सेव् in विधिलिङ् 3rd person plural
- viii) दिव् in लोट् 2nd person plural.

UNIT - III

3. a) State the significance of the Brahmacārī-episode in the first act of the drama Svapnavāsavadatta.

স্বপ্লবাসবদত্ত নাটকের প্রথম অংকে ব্রহ্মচারী বৃত্তান্তের তাৎপর্য নির্ণয় করুন ।

OR

Write about the contribution of Yaugandharāyaṇa in the drama Svapnavāsavadatta.

স্বপ্নবাসবদত্ত নাটকে যৌগন্ধরায়ণের অবদান আলোচনা করুন

Discuss the appropriateness of the title 'Svapnavāsavadatta'.
'স্বপ্নবাসবদন্ত' নামকরণটি যথাযথ হয়েছে কিনা লিখুন

b) Translate into Bengali or English any one of the following

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নিম্নলিখিত যে কোন একটির বাংলা অথবা ইংরাজীতে অনুবাদ করুন ঃ

तीर्थोदकानि समिधः कुसुमानि दर्भान्

स्वैरं वनाद्पनयन्तु तपोधनानि ।

धर्मप्रिया नृपस्ता न हि धर्मपीडा

मिच्छेत् तपस्विषु कुलव्रतमेतदस्याः ॥

OR

खगा वासोपेताः सिललमवगादो मुनिजनः प्रदीप्तोऽग्निर्भाति प्रविचरित धूमो मुनिवनम् । परिभ्रष्टो दूराद् रिवरिप च संक्षिप्तिकरणो रथं व्यावर्त्यासौ प्रविशति शनैरस्तिशिखरम् ॥

OR

Write short notes on any two of the following:

 $2 \times 3 = 6$

- যে কোন দৃটির সংক্ষিপ্ত টীকা লিখুন ঃ
- i) लावाणक ।
- ii) आरूणि ।
- iii) वसन्तक ।
- iv) धात्री ।
- c) Explain any one of the following Slokas যে কোন একটি শ্লোকের ব্যাখ্যা করুন ঃ

 $1 \times 7 = 7$

- i) प्रद्वेषो बहुमानो वा सङ्कल्पादुपजायते । भर्तदाराभिलाषित्वादस्यां मे महती स्वता ॥
- ii) सुखमर्थो भवेद् दातुं सुखं प्राणाः सुखं तपः ।सुखमन्यद् भवेत् सर्वं दःखं न्यासस्य रक्षणम् ॥

4. a) Describe the nature of selfish kings as stated by Śukanāsa.

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শুকনাসের কথা অনুযায়ী স্বার্থপর রাজাদের স্বভাব বর্ণনা করুন।

OR

Give an idea of Banabhatta and his works.

বাণভট্ট ও তাঁর রচনার পরিচয় দিন।

b) Translate into English *or* Bengali any *one* of the following passages

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নিম্নলিখিত যে-কোন একটি অনুচ্ছেদ বাংলা অথবা ইংরাজিতে অনুবাদ করুনঃ

- i) मिथ्यामाहात्म्यगर्वनिर्भराश्च न प्रणमन्ति देवताभ्यः । न पूजयन्ति द्विजातीन् । न मानयन्ति मान्यान् । नार्चयन्त्यर्चनीयान् । नाभिवादयन्त्यभिवादनार्हान् ।
- ii) अनर्थकायासान्तरितविषयोपभोगसुखमित्युपहसन्ति विद्वज्जनम् । जरावैक्लव्यप्रलपितमिति पश्यन्ति वृद्धजनोपदेशम् । आत्मप्रज्ञापरिभव इत्यसूयन्ति सचिवोपदेशाय ।

UNIT - IV

5. a) Account for the case endings in any six of the following underlined words

 $6 \times 1 = 6$

নিম্নরেখ যে-কোন ছয়টি পদের কারক বিভক্তি নির্ণয় করুন ঃ

- i) चक्ष्षा काण: ।
- ii) क्रोशं कुटिला नदी ।
- iii) रुदतः पुत्रस्य पिता जगाम ।
- iv) पुष्पं कस्मै न रोचते ।
- v) जटाभिः तापसम् अपश्यम् ।
- vi) व्याघ्रात् बिभेति ।
- vii) कुण्डलाय हिरण्यम् ।
- viii) भयात् कम्पते ।
- ix) पिता पुत्रेण याति ।
- x) दशरथ इति नृपतिरासीत् ।

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b) Illustrate the uses of any two of the following

 $2 \times 2 = 4$

নিম্নলিখিত যে-কোন দৃটি প্রয়োগের উদাহরণ দিন ঃ

- i) क्रियाविशेषणे द्वितीया ।
- ii) पञ्चमी विभक्ते
- iii) सहयुक्तेऽप्रधाने
- iv) भावे सप्तमी ।

c) Join in Sandhi (any two):

 $2 \times 1 = 2$

যে-কোন দটির সন্ধি করুনঃ

- i) नि: + **चित**: ।
- ii) मृत् + मय: ।
- iii) मुनी + एतौ ।
- iv) शे + अनम् ।

d) Disjoin the Sandhis (any three)

 $3 \times 1 = 3$

যে-কোন তিনটির সন্ধি বিচ্ছেদ করুন ঃ

- i) प्रातारम्यम्
- ii) तच्छत्वा
- iii) वनस्पतिः
- iv) प्रतीति:
- v) एकैकम्
- vi) श्रीमॉल्लभते

6. Translate the following passage into Sanskrit

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নীচের অনুচ্ছেদটি সংস্কৃতে অনুবাদ করুন ঃ

King Uttānapāda had two wives. Suniti and Suruchi. Suruchi was younger and the king loved her very much. Suniti's son was Dhruva. One day, when the king was loving Uttama, the son of Suruchi, on his lap, then Dhruva came.

A farmer had two sons. They were very lazy. They would never do any work. The farmer, on his death-bed, called his sons and said —" I have hidden a treasure in that field. Dig the field and you will get it."

রাজা উত্তানপাদের দুই স্ত্রী ছিল, সুনীতি এবং সুরুচি । সুরুচি ছিল মধ্যে ছোট এবং রাজা তাকে খুব ভালবাসতেন। সুনীতির ছেলে ছিল ধ্রুব। একদিন, রাজা যখন সুরুচির ছেলে উত্তমকে কোলে বসিয়ে আদর করছেন, তখন ধ্রুব এল ।

অথবা

এক কৃষকের দুই ছেলে ছিল । তারা খুব অলস ছিল । তারা কোন কাজ করত না । কৃষক, তার মৃত্যুশয্যায় ছেলেদের ডেকে বলল — "ঐ মাঠে আমি গুপ্তধন লুকিয়ে রেখেছি। মাঠ খুঁড়তে থাকো, তোমরা সেটা পেয়ে যাবে।"

7. Read the following passage and answer the following questions in Sanskrit:

নীচের অনুচ্ছেদটি পড়ে প্রদত্ত প্রশ্নগুলির সংস্কৃতে উত্তর দিন ঃ

अस्ति श्रीपर्वतमध्ये ब्रह्मपुराख्यं नगरम् । तत्र शैलशिखरे घण्टाकर्णो नाम राक्षसः प्रतिवसति इति जनप्रवादः । एकदा घण्टामादाय पलायमानः कश्चित् चौरः व्याघ्रेण व्यापादितः । तत्पाणिपतिता घण्टा वानरैः प्राप्ता । ते वानरास्तां घण्टाम् अनुक्षणं वादयन्ति । ततो नगरजनै: मनुष्य: खादित: दुष्ट:, प्रतिक्षणं घण्टारवश्च श्रुयते । अनन्तरं ''घण्टाकर्ण: कृपितो मनुष्यान् खादति घण्टाञ्च वादयति'' इत्युक्त्वा जनाः सर्वे नगरात् पलायिताः ।

i)	कस्मिन् पर्वतमध्ये किं नगरमासीत् ?	2
ii)	कः आसीत् जनप्रवादः ?	2
iii)	चौरस्य किमभवत् ?	3
iv)	वानराः किमकुर्वन् ?	3
v)	नगरजनाः किमकुर्वन् ?	5